Navigating a Crisis

Lesson 6-4: Protection of Assets – Customers



Discussion Guide – Confidentiality Reminder One Word Check-in

Update – Personal, Business, Leadership

"Try to please them all the time, not just when they are watching you. Serve them sincerely because of your reverent fear of the Lord." Colossians 3:22b (NLT)

In a crisis, steward and serve your current customers. The acquisition cost of one customer alone can represent an investment of several thousands of dollars, so it's critical to evaluate customer retention in a crisis. Two questions for companies to consider:

- What is the quality of our customers?
- What is the quality of relationships with our customers?

Evaluate the quality of your customers and your relationship with them. Criteria for assessing your customers' quality should be established based on your industry and business model. As each customer is evaluated, have the courage to fire some customers that are just too difficult and unprofitable to work with. Some simple examples of customer evaluations are presented on page two. The evaluation should consider the following:

- 1. Quality of relationships How easy are they to work with? What is the quality of relationships your staff has with multiple people on the customer's team? Is the depth of the customer relationships increasing or decreasing?
- 2. Financial impact Is working for the customer profitable? What are the direct and indirect costs of working with the customer? Does the client refer you to other potential clients?

Successful companies view customers not as sales transactions, but as people with unique needs that the company strives to meet. Companies with a strong relationship to their customers see a crisis as an opportunity to strengthen this relationship. Building a meaningful relationship with customers allows the potential for dialogue and engagement in a mutually beneficial manner, which is particularly valuable in a crisis. Steve Yostrow describes this as "we" relationships instead of "us and them" relationships in his book, We: The Ideal Customer Relationship.¹

Creating "we" relationships starts with hiring people that want "we" relationships. Cultivating this relationship takes time and dialogue, and when done with excellence, a long-term customer is created that will stay with you during a crisis. In fact, if there is a mutual relationship, there is a good chance you can listen well enough to help your client out in the midst of chaos.

Acquiring a new customer is more expensive than retaining existing customers. It takes time to develop relationships with new customers and then grow the revenue from that customer. According to research done by Frederick Reichheld of Bain & Company, increasing customer retention rates by 5% increases profits by 25% to 95%.²

Shared Experiences:

- In your organization, do you think of your customers as just financial transactions, or do you desire to grow meaningful and lasting relationships with them? How do you think they feel about this relationship used or appreciated?
- What is one thing that your company does to create customer loyalty?
- What lessons from your personal relationships can you apply to your professional relationships?
- What would it take for you to engage with your customers in a deep and meaningful manner?
- For your company, what is your customer retention rate? Is it increasing or decreasing?

Bottom line: Your interactions with customers are not just transactions – they are opportunities to deepen your personal relationships with them. This mentality should permeate throughout your organization. When you serve customers with dignity and respect, you are honoring the Lord.

One Word Check-out

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Dig Deeper

Want to learn more?

- ¹Book: We: The Ideal Customer Relationship by Steve Yastrow
- ²Article: The Value of Keeping the Right Customers by Amy Gallo published in Harvard Business Review
- Book: Raving Fans! by Ken Blanchard and Sheldon Bowles
- *Video*: Ted Talks <u>I Was Seduced by Exceptional Customer Service</u> by John Boccuzzi, Jr. This is an exceptional video example of customer service.
- Video: Raving Fans! discussion by Ken Blanchard

The reason a company is in business is to provide exceptional service or products to customers. As discussed in Lesson 6-2, a balance sheet is strengthened over several years. Likewise, it takes time to create strong relationships through exceptional service. When an organization is in the midst of a crisis, it is normally too late to attempt to build your customer assets. It must be done over time, likely a few years.

Examples to consider:

- You have a critical heart issue. One doctor comes in and fully briefs you on the issue and his/her recommendation for surgery and the risks. You decide you want a second opinion. The next doctor provides the same recommendation as the first doctor, but he/she took a deep interest in you as a person and analyzed how the surgery might affect your health goals going forward. Which doctor would you likely pick?
- Molly and George love to regularly dine out with friends. They like to try new places but there is one place they keep going back to. The food is excellent, but what keeps this restaurant so high on their list is the engagement of the host and wait staff. They seem to really engage with them rather than just handout a menu, take their orders, deliver the food, and hand them a bill. It seems like the staff really enjoys waiting on them even though they have different staff most visits. Do you know such a restaurant?

Below is an example customer score card to use or modify as appropriate for your company/industry.

Customer Score Card – Place a check mark in the corresponding box to assess your customer.

Criteria	1 (Very Low)	2 (Low)	3 (Medium)	4 (High)	Score
Aptitude to grow					
relationship					
Ease to work with					
Non-litigious					
Offers referrals					
Profit potential					
Potential annual sales					
Payment history					
Other					
	<u> </u>			Total Score	

- Score 20-28: High Quality Client Focus on these clients
- Score 16-20: Average Client Give great service, but unless there is potential to grow the business, do not focus significant effort on these clients
- Score <16: Poor Clients Develop a plan to move these to Average Clients, or consider terminating
- Consider not working for litigious clients